

# Urban District Council of Fareham

## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

1967

M. CROWLEY, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health.



# URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF FAREHAM 1967

Chairman of the Council:

COUNCILLOR V. T. SILSBURY

Vice-Chairman of the Council:
COUNCILLOR MRS. T. E. GARDNER

# PUBLIC HEALTH, CEMETERIES AND RECREATION GROUNDS COMMITTEE

#### Chairman:

COUNCILLOR G. H. ROBINSON

#### Vice-Chairman:

COUNCILLOR MRS. F. B. JARVIS

COUNCILLOR E. L. ELLIS

COUNCILLOR C. S. FORSYTH

COUNCILLOR R. A. HUXFORD

COUNCILLOR R. F. JEFFRIES

COUNCILLOR P. H. MOSS

COUNCILLOR C. N. SPEDDING

Councillor J. J. SWEETENHAM

Councillor J. H. TOON

COUNCILLOR M. J. T. WATT

COUNCILLOR D. R. YEATES

#### CONTENTS

SECTION		PAGE
I	Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area	6
II	General Provision of Health Services in the Area	12
III	Sanitary Conditions of the Area	16
IV	Housing	22
V	Inspection and Supervision of Food	26
VI	Prevalence and Control of Infectious Diseases	35
VII	National Assistance Acts, 1948 and 1951	41
VIII	Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949	41

#### URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF FAREHAM

Telephone: Fareham 2431.

Public Health Department, 130 West Street, Fareham, Hants.

June, 1968.

To the Chairman and Councillors of the Urban District Council of Fareham

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report of the Public Health Department for 1967.

The Registrar-General's estimated population, 75,330, shows an increase of 2,080 on the number for 1966. The natural increase or increase of births over deaths was 632. The number of births registered, 1,329, gives a birth rate of 17.64 per 1,000 population which is the lowest figure since 1956. However, this figure is higher but the corrected birth rate, 16.05, is lower than that of 17.2 per 1,000 population for England and Wales.

The crude death rate of 9.25 per 1,000 population and the corrected death rate of 10.08 are below the death rate of 11.2 per 1,000 population for England and Wales. The Infant Mortality rate of 13.54 per 1,000 live births is low and is well below that of 18.3 per 1,000 live births for England and Wales. Thirteen out of the eighteen infant deaths occurred in the infants first four weeks of life. Diseases of the heart and blood vessels caused 348 deaths and once again many were attributed to coronary disease. Deaths from Cancer of the Lung and Bronchus showed a steep rise from 29 to 42, almost a fifty per cent increase. In my Annual Reports I have given the warning about the definite association between smoking and lung cancer.

Measles provides our greatest number of notified cases of infectious disease but with the introduction of large scale immunisation against Measles we hope that this disease will also be controlled. Measles can be a serious disease especially with its complications and mass immunisation is a well advised measure in preventive medicine. Whooping Cough showed an increased incidence and was responsible for the death of a month old infant. Diphtheria, Anterior Poliomyelitis, Tuberculosis and Smallpox are effectively controlled by immunisation but every effort has to be made to keep the vaccination state at a high level.

The throughput at Funtley Abattoir has been seriously affected by the two epidemics of Foot and Mouth Disease which occurred during 1967. During the year, thanks to the satisfactory staffing position, the Statutory duty of inspecting and stamping all the meat leaving the Abattoir has been fully effected.

The swimming pools in the district, mainly in Schools, are supervised and regular samples are submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for bacteriological examination. Unsatisfactory reports occasionally reach us and mean that there is a breakdown in the filtration, chlorination or aeration part of the water treatment plant and necessary steps are taken by the owners to remedy any defects as soon as possible. Besides providing a healthy form of exercise swimming, or the ability to swim, is an essential part of every child's training.

On the 2nd September Councillor T. G. Swinburne died. He had been Chairman of the Health Committee since 1965 and had been a member of the Committee for most of his time on the Council. He had spent many years in Public life especially with the Local Authority and Hospital Services and his experience and kindly manner have been greatly missed.

I should like to express my gratitude to Mr. D. E. C. Hayward, Chief Public Health Inspector, both for the details of the work carried out by the Public Health Inspectors and for his very valuable assistance at all times.

In conclusion, I wish to thank the Members of the Council, in particular the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee, for their keen interest in the Department, the Chief Officers for their co-operation, and all the staff of this Department for their high standard of work throughout the year.

I have the honour to be,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

M. CROWLEY,

Medical Officer of Health.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

#### Medical Officer of Health:

M. CROWLEY, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., D.P.H.

#### Chief Public Health Inspector:

\*D. E. C. HAYWARD, M.A.P.H.I., D.S.A.A.

#### Additional Public Health Inspectors:

- \*W. B. FORD, M.R.S.H. (from February 1967)
- \*N. RHODES, M.A.P.H.I.
- \* +L. W. RIVETT, M.A.P.H.I.
  - \*A. W. P. ROBINSON
    - R. UPTON, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H.
      - \* Meat and other Foods Certificate.
      - † Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

#### Authorised Meat Inspectors:

- R. K. BLAND (from August 1967)
- D. W. BRIDGER (to August 1967)
- D. J. EDWARDS
- J. R. LODGE
- A. PILGRAM
- M. SANDERSON
- A. SPENCER

#### Rodent Control:

D. C. BEALE

V. GOODFELLOW

#### Senior Clerk:

MRS. D. HEGGS

#### Junior Clerks:

MISS S. DANN

MISS F. HUNT (from February 1967)

#### Section 1

#### STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area of District—18, 352 acres.

Population-

Registrar-General's estimate of population for 1967—75,330. Number of Inhabited Houses at 31st December 1967—23,357. Rateable Value at 1st April 1967—£2,805,382. Sum Represented by a Penny Rate (1967-68)—£12,280.

## SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR (1) LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS, Etc.

#### Total Deaths from Special Causes, 1967

	Male	Female	Total
Live Births:			
Total registered	684	645	1,329
Legitimate	641	605	1,246
Illegitimate	43	40	83
Still Births:			
Total registered	9	9	18
Legitimate	7	9	16
Illegitimate	2		2
Total Live and Still Births	693	654	1,347
Deaths:			2,0 27
Total registered	366	331	697
Infants under 1 year (total)	15	3	18
Infants under 1 year (legitimate)	13	3	16
Infants under 1 year (illegitimate)	2	_	2
Neonatal deaths—under 4 weeks			_
(legitimate)	9	3	12
Neonatal deaths—under 4 weeks			
(illegitimate)	1		1
Early Neonatal deaths—under 1 week			•
(legitimate)	8	2	10
Early Neonatal deaths—under 1 week			
(illegitimate)	1	_	1
Maternal Mortality:			•
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion			
Deaths from Special Causes:			
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	4	_	4
Other forms of Tuberculosis	_		
Malignant Neoplasms	79	70	149
Pneumonia	11	24	35
Whooping Cough	1		1
Measles	_	_	
Diphtheria	_	_	_
Poliomyelitis		_	
•			

## (2) BIRTH RATES, TOTAL DEATH RATE, INFANT DEATH RATE, Etc., 1967

		Adminis-	
	U.D.	trative County	
Birth Rate:			
Per 1,000 population, 1967	17.64	18.6	17.2
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	6.25	6.6	_
Still Birth Rate:			
Per 1,000 total (live and still) births, 1967	13.36	12.1	14.8
Death Rate:			
Per 1,000 population, 1967	9.25	10.06	11.2
Maternal Mortality Rate:			
Per 1,000 total (live and still)			
births:			
Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	0.00	0.11	
Death Rate of Infants	0.00	0.11	
Under 1 Year:			
All Infants per 1,000 live births	13.54	16.1	18.3
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births	12.84	16.2	
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000	12.04	10.2	_
illegitimate live births	24.09	15.5	
Neonatal deaths per 1,000 live births	9.78	10.4	12.5
Early neonatal deaths (under 1	0.70	10.4	12.0
week) per 1,000 live births	8.28	9.1	10.8
Perinatal deaths (still births and deaths under 1 week combined)			
per 1,000 live and still births	21.54	21.1	25.4
Death Rate—Special Causes:			
Per 1,000 population, 1967:			
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	0.05	0.027	
Other Forms of Tuberculosis	0.00	0.002	
Malignant Neoplasms Pneumonia	1.98 0.46	$\frac{2.0}{0.6}$	-
Influenza	0.46	0.02	
	3.00		

(3) PRINCIPAL VITAL STATISTICS OF THE URBAN DISTRICT, 1958-1967

	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Population	54140	56840	59760	60560 63170 65310 68690	63170	65310		71140	73250	75330
(a) Birth Rate	17.89	18.90	18.52	19.32	20.12	19.61	19.64   19.12	19.12	18.98	17.64
(b) Still Birth Rate	15.24	17.38	21.22	13.49	11.60	15.37	16.05	18.76	11.38	13.36
(a) Death Rate	10.78	10.43	9.49	10.25	10.45	10.26	9.03	9.29	9.22	9.25
(b) Maternal Mortality Rate	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
(c) Infant Mortality Rate		17.54 19.55	26.20	12.82	20.46	19.52	23.72	13.24	15.11	13.54
(a) Pulmonary Tuberculosis Death Rate	60.0	0.04	0.08	0.05	90.0	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.05
(a) Pneumonia Death Rate	0.38	0.40	0.47	0.64	0.43	0.46	0.55	0.52	0.83	0.46
(a) Malignant Neoplasm Death Rate	1.93	1.81	1.96	1.75	2.00	1.82	1.62	1.84	1.88	1.98

(b) Rate per 1,000 live and still births. (a) Rate per 1,000 population.

(c) Rate per 1,000 live births.

#### (4) CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT

	Cause of Death		Male	Female	Total
1.	Tuberculosis of Respiratory System		4	_	4
2.	Other Forms of Tuberculosis		_		_
3.	Syphilitic Disease	• • •	-	1	1
4.	Diphtheria		-	-1	_
5.	Whooping Cough		1		1
6.	Meningococcal Infections	•••	_		
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis		_		-
8.	Measles		_	-	_
9.	Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases		-	-	_
10.	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach		6	5	11
11.	Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	• • •	37	5	42
12.	Malignant Neoplasm, Breast			20	20
13.	Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	• • •		4	4
14.	Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	•••	36	34	70
15.	Leukaemia and Aleukaemia	•••		2	2
16.	Diabetes	• • •	_	5	5
17.	Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	•••	42	48	90
18.	Coronary Disease, Angina	•••	85	48	133
19.	Hypertension with Heart Disease	•••	3	4	7
20.	Other Heart Disease	• • •	34	57	91
21.	Other Circulatory Disease	•••	17	10	27
22.	Influenza	• • •	1	1	2
23.	Pneumonia		11	24	35
24.	Bronchitis	• • •	17	5	22
25.	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	• • •	5	5	10
26.	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum	•••	3	2	5
27.	Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	• • •	5	2	7
28.	Nephritis and Nephrosis	•••	2	5	7
29.	Hyperplasia of Prostate	• • •	1	-	1
30.	Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion	• • •			-
31.	Congenital Malformations	• • •	5	2	7
32.	Other Defined and Ill-Defined Diseases	• • •	23	31	54
33.	Motor Vehicle Accidents	• • •	17	4	21
34.	All other Accidents	• • •	6	5	11
35.	Suicide	•••	5	2	7
36.	Homicide and Operations of War	•••	-	-	-
	Totals	•••	366	331	697

#### PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1967

	4 wks.			manicolombechen e						
Under 4 weeks	and under 1 year	1–4	5–14	15–24	25–44	35–44	45–54	55–64	65–74	75 and over
_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	1	3	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	_	-
=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	1	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	_	-		_	_	_	1	3	3	4
	-	-	-	_	-	1	- 4	16	19	6
_	_	_	- 1 -	_	_	1	4	2	7 1	6 2
_	-	1	_	_	3	3	9	15	12	27
-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
_	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 12	2 29	1 46
_	_	_	_	_	_	$\frac{-}{2}$	10	30	44	47
-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	3	1	2
_	-	-	-	_	_	_	2	1	21	67
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	2	10	13 2
_	-	1	1	_	_	_	1	1	8	23
_	2	-	1	1	_	-	-	1	5	12
-	-	-	_	_	-	1	-	1	4	5
_	1	$\frac{-}{2}$	_	1	_		_	1	1	3
-		1	_	î	-	1	1	_	1	5 2 3 2 1
-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	1
- 5	1	- 1	_	_	_	_		_		-
8	_	_	1	3	1	1	$\frac{-}{4}$	8	11	17
_		1	_	9	3	3	3	1	_	1
-	-	1	-	- 1	-	1	1	1	1	6
_	- 1	_	_	1	_	_	2	1	1	2
	'	_	_	_						_
13	5	8	3	17	7	14	44	103	185	298
==		===	===	==	==	=	===		=	===

#### Section II

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

#### (a) Laboratory Facilities

Full facilities are available through the Public Health Laboratory Service for the bacteriological examination of water supplies and other investigations. Chemical examinations are done by arrangement with the Public Analyst, Portsmouth.

#### (b) Ambulance Facilities

Requests for ambulance transport in the area are dealt with as follows:

COUNTY AMBULANCE STATION, HIGHLANDS ROAD, FAREHAM

Monday to Friday ... 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Saturday ... 8 a.m. to 12 noon (Telephone: Titchfield 3434)

CENTRAL AMBULANCE CONTROL, WINCHESTER

Monday to Friday ... 6 p.m. to 8 a.m.

Weekdays ... ... 12 noon Saturday to 8 a.m. Monday Bank Holidays ... All Day

(Telephone: Winchester 61644)

The County Council has an agreement with the City of Portsmouth whereby all calls for the removal of infectious cases are passed to the latter authority's ambulance service for attention.

#### c) Clinics

The following services in connection with tuberculosis, maternity and child welfare, orthopaedics, etc., are provided by the County Council and the Regional Hospital Board at clinics and treatment centres in the area:

#### Tuberculosis

Clinics are held at Queen Alexandra Hospital, Cosham, Portsmouth. Telephone: Cosham 79451.

#### Venereal Disease

#### Po

Monday	4.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Tuesday	9.30 a.m. to 12 noon
	4.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Wednesday	2.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Thursday	9.30 a.m. to 12 noon
	4.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.
Friday	9.30 a.m. to 12 noon
	Tuesday Wednesday Thursday

4.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.

#### SOUTHAMPTON

Special Treatment Centre,		MALES
Opposite Chest Clinic Royal South Hants Hospital.	Monday to Friday	9.00 a.m. to 12 noon 5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. FEMALES
44 & 46 Bullar Street, Southampton. (Tel. Southampton 23021)	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	12 noon to 1.00 p.m. 2.00 p.m. to 6.45 p.m. 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. 2.00 p.m. to 6.45 p.m. 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

#### Maternity and Child Welfare (3)

Ī	,	
	County Council Health Centre, West Street, FAREHAM	Friday—all day commencing 10.00 a.m.
		Tuesday 10 a.m. to 12 noon and Thursday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	West End Gospel Hall, St. Anne's Grove, FAREHAM	Monday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Memorial Hall, Locks Heath	Second and fourth Tuesday, $2 \text{ p.m.}$
	British Legion Hall, PARK GATE	Thursday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Community Centre, SARISBURY GREEN	First and third Tuesday 2 p.m.
	Methodist Church Hall, PORTCHESTER	Thursday 10 a.m. to 12 noon 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Community Centre, Westlands Grove, PORTCHESTER	Second and fourth Friday 2 p.m.
	Village Hall, STUBBINGTON	Thursday 10 a.m. to 12 noon 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Cummunity Centre, TITCHFIELD	First and third Monday 2 p.m.
	Victory Hall, Warsash	First and third Monday 2 p.m.

#### (4) Ante-Natal

PORTCHESTER

County Council Health Centre, Tuesday, 2 p.m. West Street, FAREHAM

Methodist Church Hall, First and third Monday, 2 p.m.

#### Relaxation Classes

County Council Health Centre, West Street, FAREHAM

Methodist Church Hall, PORTCHESTER

Village Hall, Stubbington

Cummunity Centre, SARISBURY GREEN Monday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons

Tuesday afternoons

Friday afternoons

Friday afternoons

## Institutional Provisions for Mothers and Children (Provided by Regional Hospital Board):

Blake Maternity Home, GOSPORT Blackbrook House, FAREHAM Saint Mary's Hospital, PORTSMOUTH

#### (5) School Medical Inspections

County Council Health Centre, West Street, FAREHAM First & third Friday mornings. Medical examination & advice only—no treatment.

#### (6) Child Guidance

The Gables, Spring Garden Lane, Gosport

Attendance by appointment only

#### (7) Dental Clinic

County Council Health Centre, West Street, FAREHAM Attendance by appointment from County Dental Officer

#### (8) Eye Clinic

St. Christopher's Hospital, Wickham Road, FAREHAM Tuesday and Thursday afternoons

#### (9) Physiotherapy

St. Christopher's Hospital, Wickham Road, FAREHAM Monday afternoons

#### (10) Skin Clinic

St. Christopher's Hospital, Wickham Road, FAREHAM Alternate Saturday mornings

#### (11) Physical Medicine Clinic

St. Christopher's Hospital, Wickham Road, FAREHAM Monday afternoons

#### (12) Speech Therapy

County Council Health Centre, West Street, Fакенам Monday morning Thursday all day

#### (d) Vaccination

Vaccination against Smallpox is carried out by General Medical Practitioners and at some Child Welfare Centres free of charge under the National Health Services Act, 1946.

Note: Parents are advised to have their children vaccinated preferably in the second year of life.

#### (e) Hospitals

Apart from the Geriatric Unit at St. Christopher's Hospital, there are no general hospitals in the Urban District. At present, hospital services are available at Portsmouth, Southampton and Winchester; the nearest is at Cosham, five miles away. Infectious disease cases are sent to hospitals for infectious diseases at Portsmouth and Southampton. Most of the cases requiring hospital confinements are sent to Blackbrook Maternity Home Fareham but quite a number from the district are admitted to Saint Mary's Hospital, Portsmouth.

Special hospital facilities are provided for Smallpox.

Treatment for Tuberculosis is available at Bishopstoke and Southampton Chest Hospital.

#### (f) Homes for the Aged

The Hampshire County Council provide residential accommodation for 45 aged persons at Uplands, Park Lane, Fareham.

#### Section III

#### SANITARY CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

#### 1. Water Supply

The Urban District is supplied by two large water companies—the Portsmouth Water Company and the Southampton Waterworks. The number of houses and the approximate number of persons supplied in the different Wards are as follows:

- (a) Portsmouth Water Company—supplying Fareham 10,935 houses—33,689 population.
- (b) Portsmouth Water Company—supplying Portchester 4,335 houses—13,045 population.
- (c) Portsmouth Water Company—supplying Crofton 2,820 houses—8,287 population.
- (d) Southampton Waterworks—supplying Locks Heath, Sarisbury, Titchfield and Warsash 5,376 houses—21,504 population.

The Portsmouth Water Company take frequent water samples for both bacteriological and chemical analysis at their laboratory, and this Department also takes regular weekly samples of water for bacteriological examination. The Laboratory reports show that a very high standard of bacteriological purity in the water is maintained.

#### 2. Drainage and Sewerage

In the western wards many houses still have cesspit drainage, roughly fifty per cent, although the area has an efficient drainage system. The cost of connecting to the sewer must be the reason in most cases, but laterals have been laid to the boundaries of properties and the Council can hardly be expected to incur any further expense.

#### 3. Refuse Collection

The refuse collection service provided throughout this large district is very satisfactory. Specially equipped vehicles are used for emptying the bulk containers used in trade premises and flats. Collection vehicles of larger capacity are gradually replacing the older ones.

#### 4. Sanitary Inspections of the Urban District

Table (1)—Inspections for all Purposes and Notices served

			tritoirem falsiosem sinc sumans J			CONTRACTOR
				Written	Notices	
Premises, Etc.	Inspec-	Re-				
	tions	Visits	Ser	ved	Complie	d With
			T. C.		T. C.	01.
			Inform.	Stat.	Inform.	Stat.
Public Health Act:						
Housing Defects	6			_		
Sewers	18	2				
Drainage & Cesspools	441	431	62	38	53	32
Closets	7	10	1		1	_
Verminous Premises	4	1				_
Infectious Diseases	100	87				_
Food Poisoning	12	6	_	_	_	
Tents, Vans and Sheds	5	3				_
Refuse	110	165	9	1	G	1
Keeping of Animals	30	9	1		1	_
Insects	40	26	4		4	_
Smells	53	53	7	_	5	_
Ditches	31	61	5		3	_
Offensive Trades	60			_		_
Miscellaneous	51	_	_	_		_
Housing Acts:	000	005	67	46	31	25
Housing Defects	238	665	1	40	1	43
Overcrowding	78	34	ž.		1	
Rehousing Improvement Grants	281	112				
D A.d.	1	112				
TYT / A /	11	3	_	_		
Factories Act	258	157	19	13	14	6
Outworkers	2				_	_
Caravan Act	225	62	2	7	2	3
Agricultural W'fare Act				—	_	
Prevention of Damage						
by Pests Act	2,753	4,630			_	_
Pet Animals Act	6	-		—	_	_
Animal Boarding Est-						
ablishment Act	13	3	_	_	_	
Shops Act 1950	44		_	- 1	_	_
Offices, Shops and Rail-	000	70		1.4		7
way Premises Act	389	78	1	14		/
Noise Abatement	38	52	1			
Clean Air Act	39	19				
Petroleum Acts Scrap Metal Dealers Act	145	88				
Scrap Metal Dealers Act	-					
TOTALS	5,500	6,762	179	119	121	74
	-,000	,,,,,,				
-			Market Park	THE SOURT OF A PERSON	THE PERSON NAMED IN	- Consession sectors

Table (2) — Complaints

ADVISED	\$\\ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	58
OUT- STANDING	20   1   1   1   1	46
No ACTION REQUIRED	8     4 4 2 4 4   10   10   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	33
REFERRED TO OTHER DEPTS.	01	46
CON- DITIONS REMEDIED	21 - 22 8 21 8 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	206
NUMBER RECEIVED	85 5 1 1 96 7 7 7 7 7 103 22 48	437
NATURE OF COMPLAINT	General Housing Defects  Overcrowding Water Supply Drainage and Cesspools Closets Refuse Ditches Ditches Animals Insect Pests Verminous Premises Smoke and Smells Noise and Miscellaneous Food	Totals
NAT	General Housing Dovercrowding Water Supply Drainage and Cessp Closets Refuse Ditches Animals Insect Pests Verminous Premise Smoke and Smells Noise and Miscellar Food	Tc

#### 5. Inspections under Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948

Table (1)

	No.	Numer of			
Premises	on Reg- ister	In- spect- ions	Writ- ten Not- ices	Occupiers Prose- cuted	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	4	2	_		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) above in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	193	205	32	_	
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)		_	_		
Totals	197	207	32	_	

20

Table (2)

	in v	No. of cases in which defects were			
			Refe	erred	No.
Particulars	Found	Rem- edied	H.M. Ins-	By H.M. Ins- pector	Pros- ecu- tions
Want of cleanliness	6	6	_	_	_
Overcrowding		_			_
Unreasonable temperature	_	_	_	_	
Inadequate ventilation	_	_	_	_	_
Ineffective drainage of floors	_	_	_		_
Sanitary conveniences:—					
(a) Insufficient	2		_	2	_
(b) Unsuitable or defective	22	14		1	_
(c) Not separate for sexes	_		_		_
Other defects (not including outworkers' premises)	1	1	_	_	_
TOTAL	31	21		3	_

(There are 16 outworkers' premises in the Urban District)

#### 6. Shops Act, 1950

Forty-four visits were made to new shops or to premises where a change of occupier had occurred. Stocks of the relevant notices are retained in the Department for sale to shop occupiers.

#### 7. Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963

There are 527 premises registered under the Act and of these 465 were inspected during the year.

Twelve accidents were notified, mainly minor ones resulting in bruising and abrasions, but in three cases two had a fractured wrist and one a fractured ankle.

#### 8. Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

Nine licenses were in operation during the year in respect of sites in the area, permitting the siting of 168 residential caravans and 212 holiday caravans.

Twenty individual site licences are in operation. There are, in addition, a number of caravans in the area which are, by virtue of exemptions provided in the Act, not subject to planning permission or site licence.

### 9. Pet Animals Act, 1951 and Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963

During the year one new licence was issued and two licences were renewed under the Pet Animals Act and nine licences renewed under the Animal Boarding Establishments Act.

#### 10. Riding Establishments Act, 1964

Four premises were licensed under this Act during the year

#### Section IV

#### HOUSING

	l. Inspections of Dwelling-houses during the year
711	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)
1,108	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
23	(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925 and 1932
23	(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose
7	(3) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation
	(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habi-
251	tation
	2. Remedy of Defects during the year without service of Formal Notices
241	Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers
	A.— Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957:
46	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs
19	(2) Number of dwelling-houses rendered fit after service of formal notices:  (a) By owners
5	(b) By local authority in default of owners
	B.— Proceedings under Public Health Act:
0.0	(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be
93	remedied
17 8	(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:  (a) By owners (b) By local authority in default of owners

C.— Proceedings under Sections 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957:	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	6
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	6
(3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished after informal action	
(4) Number of dwelling-houses demolished (Clearance Areas)	_
D.— Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957:	
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	_
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been	
rendered fit	_
. Rent Act, 1957	
Number of applications for certificates	-
Number of decisions not to issue certificates  Number of decisions to issue certificates:	_
(a) in respect of some but not all defects	_
(b) in respect of all defects	
Number of undertakings given by landlords	_
Number of undertakings refused by local authority	
Number of certificates issued	_
Number of inspections made for the purpose	—
Applications by landlords to local authority for cancellation of certificates	_
Objections by tenants to cancellation of certificates	_
Decisions by local authority to cancel in spite of tenants' objections	
Certificates cancelled by local authority	_
Certificates as to the remedying of defects specified in	
a landlord's undertaking to remedy defects	

#### 5. Overcrowding

(a) The number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year, together with the number of families and the number of persons dwelling therein:

1 dwelling overcrowded

1 family and 7 persons concerned

- (b) The number of new cases of overcrowding reported:
  4 new cases
- (c) The number of cases of overcrowding relieved and the number of persons concerned:

3 cases relieved

15 persons concerned

(d) Particulars of any case in which dwelling-houses in respect of which the local authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding have again become overcrowded:

Nil

#### HOUSING PROGRESS TO 31st DECEMBER, 1967

Site	Dwellings in Scheme	Completed to 31/12/66	Completed during 1967	Under construc- tion at 31/12/67
Fareham : Fareham Park— (Including Nashe Way)	465	375	90	-
Fareham Park	187	187		_
Western Extension West End Estate	606	606	_	_
Cams Alders	120	120	_	-
Fort Fareham	99	_	_	99
Titchfield Bellfield Extension	105	75	30	_
Locks Heath Hunts Pond Road	75	61	14	-

Total number of ho	uses comple	ted during	1967	134
Total number of ho	ouses under	constructio	n at	
31st December, 1967	• • •			99

#### Private Housing

The number of private houses completed in 1967 was 816.

#### Section V

#### INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

#### (1) MILK SUPPLY

#### Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, 1963

The following licences were in operation during the year:

Dealers'	(Pasteurisers') Licences	•••	•••	2
Dealers'	(Pre-packed Milk) Licences	• • •		42

#### Sampling

Samples were taken regularly from milk dealers and the two dairies to ensure that the milk was satisfactory, as follows:

Pasteurised Milk	•••	•••	• • •	125
Sterilised Milk		•••		4
Untreated Milk		•••		12
Ultra Heat treated Milk		•••	•••	9

Two samples of Pasteurised Milk failed the methylene blue test and vendors were advised on storage prior to sale.

#### Antibiotic Testing

Twenty-four samples submitted for examination were satisfactory.

#### Biological Testing

Ten samples of raw milk were submitted. Brucella was isolated in one sample and as a result the sale of Untreated Milk ceased.

#### **Brucellosis**

Twenty-seven samples were examined, five ring tests were positive, all subsequent cultures were negative.

#### Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963

There are' no egg pasteurising plants within the Urban District and no samples were taken. Liquid egg from the one egg-packing station is used for animal feeding only.

#### (2) FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955

#### Sections 2 and 6 and the Labelling of Food Order, 1963

The following samples were submitted for analysis:

Foods:		Foods (cont.)		
Alcoholic Beverage	1	Sweetening Tablets	• • •	6
Baby Food Cereal	1	Yoghourt		1
Biscuits	3			
Bread	4			69
Butter	2			=
Cake Confectionery	5			
Cake Mixture	1	FOODS EXAMINED FO	OR	
Canned Meat Preparations	4	Pesticides:		
Cereal	1	Apples		1
Chestnut Puree	1	Breakfast Cereal		1
Cheese Compound	2	Pears		1
Chiffon Dessert	1			
Colouring	2			3
Cooking Oil	1			=
Cream	1	Drugs:		
Dried Milk	1	Amylomet Tablets		1
Food Drink	1	Aprinox Tablets		1
Fruit Juice	1	Butazolidine Tablets		1
Ground Almonds	1	Cough Mixture	• • •	1
Honey Preparation	2	Diabinese Tablets	• • •	1
Ice Cream	5	Mephenesin Tablets	• • •	1
Jam	4	Oblivon C Tablets	• • •	1
Marzipan	1	Orisulf Tablets	• • •	1
Meat Pie	2	Sol-Tercin Tablets	• • •	1
Meat Preparations	3	Tanderil Tablets	• • •	1
Pickles	1			
Prawn Curry with Rice	1			10
Puppodums	1	7.4		=
Quick Trifle	1	Milk:		=0
Sauce	1	Ordinary	• • •	58
Sausage Meat	1	Channel Island	• • •	16
Sugar Confectionery Soft Drink	4			74
Soft Drink	1			74
				==

The Public Analyst criticised eight labels of samples submitted for analysis. In each case the manufacturers agreed to amend the labels to conform with the requirements of various Orders. A chocolate sandwich cake baked with butter proved to be 60% deficient of butter fat, and the manufacturers ceased production

of the article. Strawberry jam was deficient of strawberries and with the co-operation of the manufacturers samples of the imported fruit pulp were obtained. Analysis proved that there was a variation in composition of the different batches of pulp and subsequent samples of the jam were found to be unsatisfactory. Crystallised rose leaves for cake decoration were found to be infested with Ephestia moth and all stocks were withdrawn.

Ten samples of milk were deficient of solids not fat due to the poor condition of the cows, in each case the dealer was informed.

Thirty-six complaints concerning unsound food or foreign bodies in food were dealt with. Four of these complaints led to prosecutions, one being a piece of metal in a bread roll, one a foreign substance in a bottle of milk which was found to be the remains of a steel wool cleaning pad left in the filling machinery, another milk bottle was in a dirty condition and the fourth concerned a mouldy sausage roll. The remainder were dealt with informally and were either complaints of mould or foreign bodies. The mouldy foods were prepacked items on which the coding was either indistinct or the condition at time of sale uncertain. Some manufacturers are reluctant to put an intelligible code mark on their products and a wise retailer will devise his own coding system to ensure stock rotation. The foreign body complaints concerned insects in flour confectionery and imported canned fruit in a majority of cases and included the more unusual ones of a stainless steel bolt in a jar of pickled cabbage and a rawplug fixing device in a bottle of beer.

#### Section 9

The following visits were made for the purpose of examining food:

Butchers		7
Grocers		65
Others	•••	16
		88

and the undermentioned quantities of food were condemned:

Meat		• • •	638-lb.	0-ozs.
Canned Meat		•••	1,293-lb.	7-ozs.
Canned Fish			66-lb.	0-ozs.
Canned Vegetables		•••	556-lb.	7-ozs.
Canned Fruit		•••	1,557-lb.	2-ozs.
Frozen Vegetables		•••	666-lb.	6-ozs.
Frozen Fruit		•••	15-lb.	6-ozs.
Frozen Fish		•••	479-lb.	7-ozs.
Frozen Meat Produc	cts	•••	396-lb.	10-ozs.
Cereal		W/ 1	79-lb.	8-ozs.
Frozen Confectioner	y	•••	87-lb.	10-ozs.
Conserves	•••	•••	123-lb.	9-ozs.
Canned Pudding			36-lb.	14-ozs.
Fish			7-lb.	0-ozs.
Biscuits		•••	60-lb.	0-ozs.
Sugar Confectionery	7	•••	92-lb.	0-ozs.
•				
			6.155-lb.	6-ozs.

6,155-lb. 6-ozs.

#### Section 13—Food Hygiene Regulations

Eight hundred and eighty-four routine inspections were made and twenty-four notices were served.

Particular attention has been given to delivery vans and to the stalls selling strawberries. Generally the proprietors are co-operative and provide the necessary equipment to comply with the Regulations but standards are difficult to maintain. The staff manning these stalls changes frequently and it is difficult to explain to a stall holder that he must don an overall before selling the strawberries he has just picked from the field. Nevertheless improvements have been obtained and higher standards will be achieved in the course of time.

#### Section 16—Registered Premises

ICE CREAM: Four applications were made during the year for registration of premises for the sale and storage of ice cream. The total number of premises registered is 237.

Seventy visits were made for sampling purposes and one hundred and six samples obtained with the following results:

Grade I	•••	78
Grade II	•••	13
Grade 111	•••	10
Grade IV	•••	5

Grades I and II are satisfactory results. The retailers of the Grades III and IV samples were advised on handling and storage and the registration authorities notified. Repeat samples were taken at the delivery vehicles and the registration authority co-operated by sampling at the factory.

Eight samples of ice-lollies were satisfactory.

Two premises were registered under this section for the preservation of food by cooking.

#### (3) EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY

Several talks to various organisations were given during the year on Public Health topics. These included a series of lectures to Senior Scouts to qualify for a Queen's Scout badge, and to a domestic science class of a local school on Food Hygiene. All the talks were well received and the young audiences were particularly interested and receptive.

# TABLE OF INSPECTION OF FOOD PREMISES

-			
ith	Total	10 10 13 13 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	36
Notices Complied with	Public Health Act		7
tices Cor	Shops		ı
No	Food and Drugs Act	38   13   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	29
	Total	2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40
Served	Public Health Act		1
Notices Served	Shops		
	Food and Drugs Act	28   11   12   14   17   17   18   18   18   18   18   18	33
	Re- visits	11111111111	1
	Inspec- tions	70 115 10 175 175 27 28 38 56 57 57 36 36 37 188 36 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 18	1,477
	No. on Regis- ter	251 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 1	467
			:
		Butchers Cafes and Restaurants Chemists Delivery Vans and Stalls Flour Confectioners Fishmongers Greengrocers Hotels, etc. Ice Cream Licensed Premises Sugar Confectionery Food Factories Visits for Sampling Visits re Condemnations	TOTALS

#### MEAT INSPECTION

The Senior Meat Inspector reports as follows:

The number of animals sent for slaughter in 1967 fell well below previous years due chiefly to the outbreak of Foot and Mouth Disease in the area. The Abattoir was completely shut for a number of weeks at the beginning of the year as the disease was discovered in pigs sent for slaughter. Due to control over the movement of animals full production was not regained for some months. The large outbreak of the disease in the Counties of Cheshire, Shropshire and Flintshire at the end of the year also affected the throughput at the Abattoir. Export of meat to the Continent had to cease and has not yet recommenced.

The Local Authority continued the training of meat inspectors, and two students were successful in passing the Authorised Meat Inspectors Examination. Since the introduction of this examination in 1961 Fareham has been able to maintain its establishment of meat inspectors, and it appears that the shortage of inspectors to carry out this work has been overcome. A number of student Public Health Inspectors from neighbouring Authorities continue to receive practical training at Funtley.

Standards of hygiene in the slaughterhouse have improved, but changing accommodation and washing facilities for slaughtermen is inadequate and this matter has constantly been drawn to the attention of the Wessex Slaughterhouse Board.

With meat being jointed at the Abattoir and delivered direct to supermarkets and shops, it is essential that the premises should be properly equipped for carrying out this work and staff provided with adequate means to maintain a high standard of hygiene. As this trend in the trade is increasing it is essential that the facilities at the Abattoir keep pace with the growing demands of the trade.

Cattle and sheep are often presented for slaughter with their hides and wool in an extremely wet and filthy condition, making it difficult for slaughtermen to keep the carcasses of meat clean. This could be improved if animals in this condition were cleaned and then held in the lairages for 24 hours prior to slaughter to enable their coats to dry.

The statistics in animal disease show a fall in the number of cases of cysticerosis, but liver fluke in cattle and virus pneumonia in pigs account for the majority of abnormalities encountered and remain at a very high level. There has been a marked increase in the number of abscesses found in pig carcases.

TABLE 1. — Statistical Summary of Inspections at Fareham Abattoir — 2.1.67 to 31.12.67

		CATTLE OTHER THAN COWS	(a) Cows	CALVES SHEEP	SHEEP	Pigs	TOTAL
Number slaughtered		13,596	3,856	2,843	50,031	132,263	202,589
Number inspected		13,596	3,856	2,843	49,979	132,236	202,510
- Piece cooking	No. of whole carcases affected	-	20	26	100	293	440
Conditions other	No. of part carcases and/or organs affected	7,195	2,407	33	3,760	54,334	67,729
and Cysticercosis	Percentage of No. inspected affected	52.19	62.82	2.08	7.72	41.31	33.66
	No. of whole carcases affected					ĭ	1
Tuberculosis	No. of part carcases and/or organs affected	2	1			1,453	1,458
(0)	Percentage of No. inspected affected	0.04		ı		1.09	0.72
	No. of whole carcases affected	1				1	I
Cysticercosis	No. of part carcases and/or organs affected	29	4	1		1	33
(2)	Treated by refrigeration	29	4		1		33
	Percentage of No. inspected affected	0.21	0.10			1	(d) 0.19
	Carcases wholly unfit	-	20	26	100	294	441
Total	Carcases of which some part or organ was unfit	7,229	2,427	33	3,760	55,787	69,236
	Percentage of No. inspected found abnormal	53.17	63.43	2.08	7.72	42.41	34.41

Notes:— $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$   $\begin{pmatrix} b \\ c \end{pmatrix}$   $\begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$ 

Any female which has calved. Includes animals concurrently affected with other disease. Transmissible to man by ingestion of untreated meat or offal.

Adult cattle only.

TABLE 2
Animals Slaughtered at Fareham Abattoir

	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Total
1963	19,075	4,408	42,440	150,966	216,889
1964	19,368	2,556	45,251	169,498	236,673
1965	21,477	2,031	44,669	167,946	236,123
1966	19,043	2,604	56,582	167,660	245,889
1967	17,452	2,843	50,031	132,263	202,589

TABLE 3
Weight (lb.) of Unfit Meat and Offal Surrendered

(a)	Tuber	culosis			
` '			Meat	Offal	Total
	1963	•••	78,044	1,460	79,504
	1964	•••	63,516	6,180	69,696
	1965	•••	52,492	3,525	56,017
	1966	•••	42,111	2,865	44,976
	1967	•••	22,727	3,210	25,937
(b)	Other	Diseases	and Condition	ons	
	1963	•••	59,640	291,063	350,703
	1964	•••	77,271	274,973	352,244
	1965	•••	119,409	298, 124	417 533
	1966	•••	107 512	313,578	421,090
	1967	•••	83,326	295,155	378,481

#### TABLE 4

#### Casualty and Emergency Slaughter

Cows		•••	16
Heifers	•••	•••	1
Steers		•••	
Pigs	• • •		549
Calves	• • •	•••	4
Sheep			5
			575

#### (5) FOOD POISONING

Nine cases of food poisoning were notified in 1967, and full bacteriological examinations were carried out on the patients. The causative organism was discovered in one of the cases.

Section VI.—PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

The distribution, by season and locality, of notifiable diseases is given in the following table Notification of Infectious Diseases

	Total	18 1054 1054 11 11 11	1169
	Warsash	188111111111111111111111111111111111111	22
	Titchfield	120 113 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	136
S	Sarisbury	1371	147
WARDS	Portchester	6 4 4 8 1 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4	204
	Locks Heath	8 11	57
	Евтерат	3357	385
	Crofton	206 5 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	218
	December	21	3
	Мочетьег	m m	∞
	Осторет	6	13
	September		4
	48uSuA	40	10
HS	luly	17	25
Months	lune	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	57
	May	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	91
	lirqA	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	151
	Матсһ	333	346
	February	278 278	286
	January	169	173
	Disease	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Measles Acute Poliomyelitis Diphtheria Smallpox Meningococcal Infection Dysentery Puerperal Pyrexia Acute Pneumonia Typhoid & Paratyphoid Food Poisoning Incephalitis (post infectious) Erysipelas Ophthalmia Neonatorum Tuberculosis (pulmonary) Tuberculosis (other forms)	Totals

Ages of Cases of Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) 1967

-			
Torar		18 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	11157
	65 & over		1
	45-64	11111111111	1
	25-44	0 -       0 0 0   0	20
	15-24	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10
AGES	10-14	17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1	23
	5-9	6 407 407 1 1 1	437
	3-4	307 307 	323
	1-2	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	301
	Under 1	36	41
Deat	DISEASE	Scarlet Fever	TOTALS

### 2. Diphtheria Immunisation

No confirmed case of Diphtheria was notified here during 1967. The antigen against Diphtheria is combined with that against Whooping Cough and Tetanus and the age recommended for immunisation is between three and four months. The notifications of births furnished by the County Medical Officer form the basis of invitations to parents which are sent when the babies reach the age of three months. Parents are invited to take their children to their nearest clinic or, if they prefer, to their family doctor. In both cases the service can be carried out free of charge under the National Health Service.

Immunisation was carried out during 1967 at the Child Welfare Clinics at Fareham, Hill Park, Locks Heath, Portchester, Sarisbury, Stubbington and Warsash. Immunisation clinics giving reinoculations were also held at nine local authority schools.

In all, 4,616 children were immunised during the year, as follows:

Children born in years	:		Primary Immunisation	Reinoculation
DIPHTHERIA:				
1967 1966	•••	•••	_	
1965 1964	•••	• • •	_	
1960-63 Others under	16		_	_
	TOTALS	•••		
			Street, and a st	
DIPHTHERIA/TETA	ANUS:			
1967 1966 1965 1964 1960-63 Others under		•••	2 43 7 8 44 17	2 38 46 25 1,416 758
	TOTALS	•••	121	2,285

# DIPHTHERIA/ WHOOPING COUGH/TETANUS:

1067			E00	10
	• • •	• • •	586	12
1966			901	80
1965			67	184
1964			22	27
1960-63	•••	•••	31	236
Others under	16	•••	8	56
	TOTALS	•••	1,615	595

## 3. Poliomyelitis Vaccinations

Children Born	in Years		nary nations	Revacc	inations
		Oral	Salk	Oral	Salk
1967 1966 1965 1964 1960-63 Others under 16		266 957 101 47 97 23	1 8 7 2 5	2 46 39 13 1,487 728 2,315	- - 3 1 2 - 6

## 4. Smallpox Vaccinations

		Mo	onths		Y	ears		Total
	0–3	3–6	6–9	9–12	1 year	2–4	5–15	1000
Primary Vaccinations	23	1	2	2	579	297	75	979
Revaccinations	_	_	_	_		27	191	218

Total Vaccinations—1,197

# 5. Tuberculosis (New Cases and Mortality) 1967

Ī			Ca	ses			Dea	ths	
١	Age Group	Pulm	onary	Other	Forms	Pulmo	onary	Other	Forms
١		M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
Ì	Under 1	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
ı	1 year 2—4						_		
I	5—9	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
ļ	10—14	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	
ı	15—19 20—24	_		-	_		_	_	_
ı	25—34		$\frac{2}{2}$		1				
ı	35—44	1	2 2 2	_		_	_		
ı	45—54	_	_	_			_		_
ı	55—64	$\frac{2}{2}$	_	_	_	2	_	_	_
ı	65—74	2	_	<u> </u>		1	_	_	_
ı	75 & over			_				_	
	Totals	5	6		1	3		-	_

Tuberculosis Register

			PULMG	PULMONARY	Non-Pulmonary	MONARY	Tomar
		'	M.	표	M.	ഥ	TOTAL
Cases on Register at 1.1.67	:	:	235	197	39	40	511
Primary Notifications	:	:	υ Ω	9	1		12
Cases Restored to the Register	:	:		1	1	1	1
Inward Transfers and Unnotified Cases	:	:	4	-	-		9
Totals		:	244	204	40	41	529
Removals from Register (Outward Transfers and Deaths)	rs and Dea	ths)	20	10		ı	30
Cases on Register at 31.12.67	:	:	224	194	40	41	499

#### 6. Disinfectation

Investigations were made by the staff into cases of infectious diseases and reports were made dealing with the possible sources of infection, the supervision of contacts and the disinfection of premises:

Number of visits made during the year ... 187 Number of premises disinfected ... 3

#### Section VII

# NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS, 1948 and 1951 Section 47

No statutory action was necessary under the above Acts during the year.

### Section VIII

## PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949

#### Sewer Maintenance

Testing of the public sewers in the Crofton, Fareham, Portchester and Titchfield Wards was carried out during April and May, 1967. Two hundred and sixty one manholes were tested and in October, thirty manholes formerly showing signs of infestation were again baited, with negative results.

The following table shows the work done (other than sewer maintenance) by the Rodent Operatives during the year

					-
	Non Ag	Non Agricultural		Agricultural	Totals
	Initial	Initial Revisits	Initial	Revisits	
1. Inspections and revisits:  (a) Notification  (b) Routine	1,482	4,056 474	26 141	73	5,637 1,695
	1,035		14   2		1,049
3. (a) Infestations treated by Local Authority (b) Infestations treated by occupier or others	1,143		16	1 1	1,159
4. Notices served:  (a) Treatment  (b) Proofing	.	11		11	11







